

STUDENT CASUAL CHECKLIST

Complete and return the enclosed forms to Dina Muthana within 72 hours of your employment start date.

□ **Employee Personal Record Form:** Before submitting to HR, your supervisor should complete the bottom portion of the form.

□ Columbia University Casual Employment Form

□ Notice and Acknowledgement of Pay Rate and Pay Day form: (Please sign and date item #8)

□ Go to the **I-9 Processing Center in 205 Kent Hall:** Please bring your I-9 documents with you (a list of acceptable documents is enclosed). Copies and/or Expired documents will not be accepted.

□ Complete and sign the federal **W4 form**.

□ Please complete and sign <u>ONE</u> of the **New York IT-2104 forms**. There are three (3) versions attached to this packet. Refer to the chart, *guide to required tax forms*, to determine which tax forms you should complete. The address on your W4 form must match the address on your IT-2014 form. **Please note that Human Resources and Columbia University staff are not allowed to give tax advice.**

□ Complete and sign the **Employee Opt-Out of Paid Family Leave Benefits** form.

□ **International Students**: Please bring the following documents when submitting paperwork to HR Passport, visa, visa approval form, and I-94. The I-94 form can printed from <u>www.cbp.gov/I94. Please let</u> <u>HR know if you do not have a US Social Security Number</u> or have not applied for one yet.

□ Students are only permitted to work a total of **20 hours per week** during the academic year. Please let HR know if you hold another position outside of the Law School and how many hours you are scheduled to work in that department.



<u>FAQs</u>

Where do I submit my Student Casual paperwork? The completed packet should be submitted to Dina Muthana at **Dina.Muthana@law.columbia.edu.**

How do I submit my timesheet for approval?

Timesheets should be submitted online through the **TLAM** (Time & Labor, Absence Management) system. (see instructions in this packet or go to <u>https://finance-admin.law.columbia.edu/content/time-labor-and-absence-management-tlam-system</u>).

Can I submit back dated timesheets?

The TLAM system only allows you to go back two pay periods beyond the current pay period.

How long will it take to get your first check?

Once your packet is submitted to HR, please note that it can take up to 2-3 weeks for processing.

Where should you pick up your paycheck?

Paychecks will be mailed directly to your mailing address on file if you have not setup direct deposit (see pay schedule in this packet). If your timesheets are submitted late, your paycheck will be processed on the next pay cycle.

How can you apply for direct deposit?

<u>After receiving your first paycheck</u>, please sign up for direct deposit at Columbia's employee self-service site (see details in the back of this packet). Direct deposit will be deactivated if you have had a break in service of four month or longer. Having direct deposit on SSOL does NOT mean you have direct deposit for Columbia University Payroll.

When do I need to submit rehire paperwork?

Rehire paperwork should be submitted every time you accept a new causal position at the law school. You will also need to submit rehire paperwork if you've been terminated out the system.



Employee Personal Record Form

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION				
Full Name:	UNI:	SSN:		
Home/Permanent Address:		ge Date: waiian, American Indian)		
STUDENT STATUS				
Are you a Columbia Student? Yes No If Yes, anticipated you **If you are not a Columbia student, you must use a different form. Please inquire: Shartiss.England@law.columbia.edu, (212) 851-7529 School: Columbia (Which school?)Barna	-			
Student Status: Full Time Part Time	1000			
Highest Edu. Level Completed:Received date	Sch			
Were you previously employed by Columbia University? Yes III	No			
JOB INFORMATION				
Hiring Department:				
What account will be charged? If this is grant funded, please provide sponsored account info				
Student Job Title:	Hourly F	Rate:		
Start Date: End Date:				
Supervisor/Timesheet Approver (please print):				
Supervisor/Timesheet Approved Signature:		Date:		

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CASUAL	EMPLOYMENT FORM Print Form		
A signed copy of this form must be attached to the Template-Based Hire transac			
(PAF) being sent to the Human Resources Processing Center. A copy should be retation terms of this agreement except by written approval from Human Resources.	ained by the hiring unit. No representative of Columbia University is authorized to vary the		
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEE INFORMATION		
Columbia University	Name:		
FEIN: 13-5598093			
Street Address: 615 West 131st Street City: New York State: NY	Address:Apt		
Zip: 10027 Phone: (212) 851-7008			
Preparer's Name: Dina Muthana			
Preparer's Titler: Human Resources Coordinator	Zip Phone		
WORKSITE INFORMATION	FOR COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER ONLY		
Will any of the following be present at the worksite:	Will the casual employee:		
Blood borne pathogens Chemicals	Participate in physician billing		
Formaldehyde/Xylene Laboratory animals	Interact with patients and/or research subjects		
Radioactive materials Class 3b or 4a lasers	Be required to use a respirator		
Infectious agents (e.g. varicella, polio)			
]		
HR USE ONLY PAY INF	ORMATION		
Your rate of pay: per hour Your overtime rate of pay: per hour			
Your rate of pay: per hour Your	overtime rate of pay: per hour		
Your rate of pay: per hour Your Designated pay day: All casual employees are paid on a bi-weekly pay schedu http://finance.columbia.edu/controller/payroll			
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Designated pay day: All casual employees are paid on a bi-weekly pay schedu http://finance.columbia.edu/controller/payroll I hereby certify that I have read the above and the information contained in t false statements knowingly made are punishable as a class A misdemeanor (S Date:Prep GENERAL STATEMENT REGARDIN Almost all employees in New York must be paid overtime wages of 1½ times th limited number of specific categories of employees are covered by overtime at a NOTICE TO THE C/ I understand that my employment with Columbia University is on a "casual" bas University should not exceed 560 hours or 4 months, whichever comes first, in a This limited duration does not apply to students who are enrolled half-time or m If a student at Columbia University, Barnard College or Teachers College, please ull-time/Half-time UndergraduatePart-time UndergraduateFull I understand that as a "casual" employee I am not eligible for any benefits offer	Alle. For more information on the University's payroll calendar, please refer to: his form is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief. Any dection 210.45 of the New York State Penal Law). harer's Signature: IG OVERTIME PAY IN NEW YORK eir regular rate of pay for allhours worked over 40 per workweek. A very a lower overtime rate or not at all. ASUAL EMPLOYEE is. I understand that the estimated duration of my employment with the a 12-month period with limited exceptions. hore at Columbia University, Barnard College or Teachers College. e indicate: -time/Half-time Graduate ed by the University under any collective bargaining agreement or University ment by the University for any position for which I am qualified.		

I have read and understand the above referenced terms and conditions regarding my casual employment status at Columbia University. I hereby asknowledge that I have been notified of my wage rate, overtime rate, and designated pay day on the date set forth below.

Date: _____ Signature of casual employee:

¹As a member of the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) and the Council of Ivy Group Presidents (Ivy League), it is imperative that members of the Columbia University community, in all matters related to the intercollegiate athletics program, exhibit the highest professional standards and ethical behavior with regard to adherence to NCAA, Conference, University, and Department of Intercollegiate Athletics and Physical Education rules and regulations.



1. Employer Information

Name: Trustees of Columbia University in the City of New York

Doing Business As (DBA) Name(s): Columbia University

FEIN (optional): 13-5598093

Physical Address:

435 West 116th Street New York, NY 10027

Mailing Address: 615 West 131st Street Studebaker, 4th Floor New York, NY 10027

Phone: (212) 851-0611

2. Notice given:

At hiring

On or before February 1

Before a change in pay rate(s), allowances claimed or payday Notice and Acknowledgement of Pay Rate and Payday Under Section 195.1 of the New York State Labor Law Notice for Hourly Rate Employees

3. Employee's rate of pay:

\$_____per hour

*Union employees may also be eligible for shift differential. See the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

4. Allowances taken:

- None

 Tips_____per hour
- Meals_____per meal
- Lodging _____
- * As provided for under the applicable collective bargaining agreement: http://hr.columbia.edu/union-contracts

5. Regular payday: <u>Columbia Pay Calendar</u>: <u>https://finance.columbia.edu/content/payroll-calendar</u>

6.	Pay	is:

Weekly
Bi-weekly

Other

7. Overtime Pay Rate:

\$_____per hour (This must be at least 1½ times the worker's regular rate, with few exceptions.)

*See comment above re: shift differential.

8. Employee Acknowledgement:

On this day I have been notified of my pay rate, overtime rate (if eligible), allowances, and designated payday on the date given below. I told my employer what my primary language is.

Check one:

I have been given this pay notice in English because it is my primary language.

My primary language is______. I have been given this pay notice in English only, because the Department of Labor does not yet offer a pay notice form in my primary language.

Employee Signature

Date

Dina Muthana, Human Resources Coordinator

Preparer Name and Title

The employee must receive a signed copy of this form. The employer must keep the original for 6 years.

I-9 FORM

Please go to the below web page to complete your I-9:

https://humanresources.columbia.edu/I9everify

Once section 1 of the I-9 form is completed, the list of acceptable documents for section 2 will be presented to you. Please bring the required documents to: <u>210 Kent Hall</u> (I-9 and Work Study Office), with you *within 3 business days of your start date*, in order to complete section 2 of the I-9 form in person.

If you are a rehire, and you completed your last I-9 less than 3 years ago, please check with HR to determine whether a new I-9 is required.

The following table is a guide to required tax forms

Category	Tax Forms Required
Employees residing in NYC or Yonkers	W4 & IT-2104
Employees residing outside of NYC or Yonkers	W4 & IT-2104.1 (NJ or CT State Form Optional for NJ or CT Residents)
Employees claiming exemption	W4 & IT-2104-E (must meet all requirements Listed on tax forms)
Employees moving outside of NYC or Yonkers	Form IT-2104.1
Employees moving into NYC or Yonkers	Form IT-2104
Employees claiming exemption based on a tax treaty	Form 8233

Special Requirements for Nonresident Aliens

Federal W-4 form has special requirements for Nonresident Aliens (NRAs). Please download Notice 1392 "Supplemental Form W4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens" (<u>http://ww.irs.gov/pub/irs-</u> <u>pdf/n1392.pdf</u>) and include these instructions as part of the W4 packet for all NRAs.

Columbia University and its Staff, by law, are not permitted to give tax advice. If you have questions on how to fill out these tax forms, we encourage you to consult a tax advisor.

Form **W-4**

OMB No. 1545-0074

Employee's Withholding Certificate

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. ► Give Form W-4 to your employer.

Department	t of t	the T	reasury
Internal Rev	/enu	e Se	ervice

▶ Your withholding is subject to review by the IRS.



Step 1:	(a) First name and middle initial	Last name	(b) Social security number
Enter Personal Information	Address		Does your name match the name on your social security card? If not, to ensure you get
mormation	City or town, state, and ZIP code		credit for your earnings, contact SSA at 800-772-1213 or go to www.ssa.gov.
	(c) Single or Married filing separately		
	Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)		
	Head of household (Check only if you're unmar	ried and pay more than half the costs of keeping up a home for yo	urself and a qualifying individual.)

Complete Steps 2-4 ONLY if they apply to you; otherwise, skip to Step 5. See page 2 for more information on each step, who can claim exemption from withholding, when to use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App, and privacy.

Step 2: Multiple Jobs	Complete this step if you (1) hold more than one job at a time, or (2) are married filing jointly and your spouse also works. The correct amount of withholding depends on income earned from all of these jobs.
or Spouse	Do only one of the following.
Works	(a) Use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App for most accurate withholding for this step (and Steps 3–4); or
	(b) Use the Multiple Jobs Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result in Step 4(c) below for roughly accurate withholding; or
	(c) If there are only two jobs total, you may check this box. Do the same on Form W-4 for the other job. This option is accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld ► □
	TIP: To be accurate, submit a 2022 Form W-4 for all other jobs. If you (or your spouse) have self-employment income, including as an independent contractor, use the estimator.

Complete Steps 3-4(b) on Form W-4 for only ONE of these jobs. Leave those steps blank for the other jobs. (Your withholding will be most accurate if you complete Steps 3-4(b) on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.)

Step 3: Claim Dependents	If your total income will be \$200,000 or less (\$400,000 or less if married filing jointly): Multiply the number of qualifying children under age 17 by \$2,000 ► \$ Multiply the number of other dependents by \$500 ► \$ Add the amounts above and enter the total here	3	\$
Step 4 (optional): Other	(a) Other income (not from jobs). If you want tax withheld for other income you expect this year that won't have withholding, enter the amount of other income here. This may include interest, dividends, and retirement income	4(a)	
Adjustments	(b) Deductions. If you expect to claim deductions other than the standard deduction and want to reduce your withholding, use the Deductions Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result here	4(b)	\$
	(c) Extra withholding. Enter any additional tax you want withheld each pay period .	4(c)	\$

Step 5: Sign Here	Under penalties of perjury, I declare that this certificate, to the best of my knowled Employee's signature (This form is not valid unless you sign it.)			
Employers	Employer's name and address	First date of	Employer identification	
Only		employment	number (EIN)	

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 3.

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future Developments

For the latest information about developments related to Form W-4, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to *www.irs.gov/FormW4*.

Purpose of Form

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. If too little is withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty. If too much is withheld, you will generally be due a refund. Complete a new Form W-4 when changes to your personal or financial situation would change the entries on the form. For more information on withholding and when you must furnish a new Form W-4, see Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Exemption from withholding. You may claim exemption from withholding for 2022 if you meet both of the following conditions: you had no federal income tax liability in 2021 and you expect to have no federal income tax liability in 2022. You had no federal income tax liability in 2021 if (1) your total tax on line 24 on your 2021 Form 1040 or 1040-SR is zero (or less than the sum of lines 27a, 28, 29, and 30), or (2) you were not required to file a return because your income was below the filing threshold for your correct filing status. If you claim exemption, you will have no income tax withheld from your paycheck and may owe taxes and penalties when you file your 2022 tax return. To claim exemption from withholding, certify that you meet both of the conditions above by writing "Exempt" on Form W-4 in the space below Step 4(c). Then, complete Steps 1(a), 1(b), and 5. Do not complete any other steps. You will need to submit a new Form W-4 by February 15, 2023.

Your privacy. If you prefer to limit information provided in Steps 2 through 4, use the online estimator, which will also increase accuracy.

As an alternative to the estimator: if you have concerns with Step 2(c), you may choose Step 2(b); if you have concerns with Step 4(a), you may enter an additional amount you want withheld per pay period in Step 4(c). If this is the only job in your household, you may instead check the box in Step 2(c), which will increase your withholding and significantly reduce your paycheck (often by thousands of dollars over the year).

When to use the estimator. Consider using the estimator at *www.irs.gov/W4App* if you:

1. Expect to work only part of the year;

2. Have dividend or capital gain income, or are subject to additional taxes, such as Additional Medicare Tax;

3. Have self-employment income (see below); or

4. Prefer the most accurate withholding for multiple job situations.

Self-employment. Generally, you will owe both income and self-employment taxes on any self-employment income you receive separate from the wages you receive as an employee. If you want to pay these taxes through withholding from your wages, use the estimator at *www.irs.gov/W4App* to figure the amount to have withheld.

Nonresident alien. If you're a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form.

Specific Instructions

Step 1(c). Check your anticipated filing status. This will determine the standard deduction and tax rates used to compute your withholding.

Step 2. Use this step if you (1) have more than one job at the same time, or (2) are married filing jointly and you and your spouse both work.

Option (a) most accurately calculates the additional tax you need to have withheld, while option (b) does so with a little less accuracy.

If you (and your spouse) have a total of only two jobs, you may instead check the box in option (c). The box must also be checked on the Form W-4 for the other job. If the box is checked, the standard deduction and tax brackets will be cut in half for each job to calculate withholding. This option is roughly accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld, and this extra amount will be larger the greater the difference in pay is between the two jobs.



Multiple jobs. Complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on only one Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you do this on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Step 3. This step provides instructions for determining the amount of the child tax credit and the credit for other dependents that you may be able to claim when you file your tax return. To qualify for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31, must be your dependent who generally lives with you for more than half the year, and must have the required social security number. You may be able to claim a credit for other dependents for whom a child tax credit can't be claimed, such as an older child or a qualifying relative. For additional eligibility requirements for these credits, see Pub. 501, Dependents, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information. You can also include other tax credits for which you are eligible in this step, such as the foreign tax credit and the education tax credits. To do so, add an estimate of the amount for the year to your credits for dependents and enter the total amount in Step 3. Including these credits will increase your paycheck and reduce the amount of any refund you may receive when you file your tax return.

Step 4 (optional).

Step 4(a). Enter in this step the total of your other estimated income for the year, if any. You shouldn't include income from any jobs or self-employment. If you complete Step 4(a), you likely won't have to make estimated tax payments for that income. If you prefer to pay estimated tax rather than having tax on other income withheld from your paycheck, see Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Step 4(b). Enter in this step the amount from the Deductions Worksheet, line 5, if you expect to claim deductions other than the basic standard deduction on your 2022 tax return and want to reduce your withholding to account for these deductions. This includes both itemized deductions and other deductions such as for student loan interest and IRAs.

Step 4(c). Enter in this step any additional tax you want withheld from your pay **each pay period**, including any amounts from the Multiple Jobs Worksheet, line 4. Entering an amount here will reduce your paycheck and will either increase your refund or reduce any amount of tax that you owe.

Step 2(b) - Multiple Jobs Worksheet (Keep for your records.)

If you choose the option in Step 2(b) on Form W-4, complete this worksheet (which calculates the total extra tax for all jobs) on **only ONE** Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you complete the worksheet and enter the result on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Note: If more than one job has annual wages of more than \$120,000 or there are more than three jobs, see Pub. 505 for additional tables; or, you can use the online withholding estimator at *www.irs.gov/W4App*.

1	Two jobs. If you have two jobs or you're married filing jointly and you and your spouse each have one job, find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4. Using the "Higher Paying Job" row and the "Lower Paying Job" column, find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 1. Then, skip to line 3	1	\$
2	Three jobs. If you and/or your spouse have three jobs at the same time, complete lines 2a, 2b, and 2c below. Otherwise, skip to line 3.		
	a Find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 using the annual wages from the highest paying job in the "Higher Paying Job" row and the annual wages for your next highest paying job in the "Lower Paying Job" column. Find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 2a.	2a	\$
	b Add the annual wages of the two highest paying jobs from line 2a together and use the total as the wages in the "Higher Paying Job" row and use the annual wages for your third job in the "Lower Paying Job" column to find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 and enter this amount on line 2b	2b	\$
	c Add the amounts from lines 2a and 2b and enter the result on line 2c	2c	\$
3	Enter the number of pay periods per year for the highest paying job. For example, if that job pays weekly, enter 52; if it pays every other week, enter 26; if it pays monthly, enter 12, etc	3	
4	Divide the annual amount on line 1 or line 2c by the number of pay periods on line 3. Enter this amount here and in Step 4(c) of Form W-4 for the highest paying job (along with any other additional amount you want withheld)	4	\$
	Step 4(b) – Deductions Worksheet (Keep for your records.)		, en
1	Enter an estimate of your 2022 itemized deductions (from Schedule A (Form 1040)). Such deductions may include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income	1	\$
2	Enter:	2	\$
3	If line 1 is greater than line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1 and enter the result here. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter "-0-"	3	\$
4	Enter an estimate of your student loan interest, deductible IRA contributions, and certain other adjustments (from Part II of Schedule 1 (Form 1040)). See Pub. 505 for more information	4	\$
5	Add lines 3 and 4. Enter the result here and in Step 4(b) of Form W-4	5	\$

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. Internal Revenue Code sections 3402(f)(2) and 6109 and their regulations require you to provide this information; your employer uses it to determine your federal income tax withholding. Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person with no other entries on the form; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation; to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws; and to the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Directory of New Hires. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

Form W-4 (2022)

Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er)

Higher Paying Job				Lowe	er Paying	Job Annua	al Taxable	Wage & S	Salary			
Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$110	\$850	\$860	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,770	\$1,870
\$10,000 - 19,999	110	1,110	1,860	2,060	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,970	3,970	4,070
\$20,000 - 29,999	850	1,860	2,800	3,000	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,160	3,910	4,910	5,910	6,010
\$30,000 - 39,999	860	2,060	3,000	3,200	3,360	3,360	3,360	4,110	5,110	6,110	7,110	7,210
\$40,000 - 49,999	1,020	2,220	3,160	3,360	3,520	3,520	4,270	5,270	6,270	7,270	8,270	8,370
\$50,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,220	3,160	3,360	3,520	4,270	5,270	6,270	7,270	8,270	9,270	9,370
\$60,000 - 69,999	1,020	2,220	3,160	3,360	4,270	5,270	6,270	7,270	8,270	9,270	10,270	10,370
\$70,000 - 79,999	1,020	2,220	3,160	4,110	5,270	6,270	7,270	8,270	9,270	10,270	11,270	11,370
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,020	2,820	4,760	5,960	7,120	8,120	9,120	10,120	11,120	12,120	13,150	13,450
\$100,000 - 149,999	1,870	4,070	6,010	7,210	8,370	9,370	10,510	11,710	12,910	14,110	15,310	15,600
\$150,000 - 239,999	2,040	4,440	6,580	7,980	9,340	10,540	11,740	12,940	14,140	15,340	16,540	16,830
\$240,000 - 259,999	2,040	4,440	6,580	7,980	9,340	10,540	11,740	12,940	14,140	15,340	16,540	17,590
\$260,000 - 279,999	2,040	4,440	6,580	7,980	9,340	10,540	11,740	12,940	14,140	16,100	18,100	19,190
\$280,000 - 299,999	2,040	4,440	6,580	7,980	9,340	10,540	11,740	13,700	15,700	17,700	19,700	20,790
\$300,000 - 319,999	2,040	4,440	6,580	7,980	9,340	11,300	13,300	15,300	17,300	19,300	21,300	22,390
\$320,000 - 364,999	2,100	5,300	8,240	10,440	12,600	14,600	16,600	18,600	20,600	22,600	24,870	26,260
\$365,000 - 524,999	2,970	6,470	9,710	12,210	14,670	16,970	19,270	21,570	23,870	26,170	28,470	29,870
\$525,000 and over	3,140	6,840	10,280	12,980	15,640	18,140	20,640	23,140	25,640	28,140	30,640	32,240
				Single o	r Married	d Filing S	Separate	ly				

Higher Payin	ng Job	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
Annual Tax Wage & Sa	able	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 -	9,999	\$400	\$930	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,250	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,970	\$2,040	\$2,040
\$10,000 - ⁻	19,999	930	1,570	1,660	1,890	2,890	3,510	3,510	3,510	3,610	3,810	3,880	3,880
\$20,000 - 2	29,999	1,020	1,660	1,990	2,990	3,990	4,610	4,610	4,710	4,910	5,110	5,180	5,180
\$30,000 - 3	39,999	1,020	1,890	2,990	3,990	4,990	5,610	5,710	5,910	6,110	6,310	6,380	6,380
\$40,000 - 8	59,999	1,870	3,510	4,610	5,610	6,680	7,500	7,700	7,900	8,100	8,300	8,370	8,370
\$60,000 - 7	79,999	1,870	3,510	4,680	5,880	7,080	7,900	8,100	8,300	8,500	8,700	8,970	9,770
\$80,000 - 9	99,999	1,940	3,780	5,080	6,280	7,480	8,300	8,500	8,700	9,100	10,100	10,970	11,770
\$100,000 - 12	24,999	2,040	3,880	5,180	6,380	7,580	8,400	9,140	10,140	11,140	12,140	13,040	14,140
\$125,000 - 14	49,999	2,040	3,880	5,180	6,520	8,520	10,140	11,140	12,140	13,320	14,620	15,790	16,890
\$150,000 - 17	74,999	2,040	4,420	6,520	8,520	10,520	12,170	13,470	14,770	16,070	17,370	18,540	19,640
\$175,000 - 19	99,999	2,720	5,360	7,460	9,630	11,930	13,860	15,160	16,460	17,760	19,060	20,230	21,330
\$200,000 - 24	49,999	2,970	5,920	8,310	10,610	12,910	14,840	16,140	17,440	18,740	20,040	21,210	22,310
\$250,000 - 39	99,999	2,970	5,920	8,310	10,610	12,910	14,840	16,140	17,440	18,740	20,040	21,210	22,310
\$400,000 - 44	49,999	2,970	5,920	8,310	10,610	12,910	14,840	16,140	17,440	18,740	20,040	21,210	22,470
\$450,000 and	d over	3,140	6,290	8,880	11,380	13,880	16,010	17,510	19,010	20,510	22,010	23,380	24,680

Head of Household

Higher Payi	ng Job				Lowe	er Paying	Job Annua	al Taxable	Wage & S	Salary			
Annual Ta Wage & S		\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 -	9,999	\$0	\$760	\$910	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,190	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$2,040	\$2,040
\$10,000 -	19,999	760	1,820	2,110	2,220	2,220	2,390	3,390	4,070	4,070	4,240	4,440	4,440
\$20,000 -	29,999	910	2,110	2,400	2,510	2,680	3,680	4,680	5,360	5,530	5,730	5,930	5,930
\$30,000 -	39,999	1,020	2,220	2,510	2,790	3,790	4,790	5,790	6,640	6,840	7,040	7,240	7,240
\$40,000 -	59,999	1,020	2,240	3,530	4,640	5,640	6,780	7,980	8,860	9,060	9,260	9,460	9,460
\$60,000 -	79,999	1,870	4,070	5,360	6,610	7,810	9,010	10,210	11,090	11,290	11,490	11,690	12,170
\$80,000 -	99,999	1,870	4,210	5,700	7,010	8,210	9,410	10,610	11,490	11,690	12,380	13,370	14,170
\$100,000 - 1	24,999	2,040	4,440	5,930	7,240	8,440	9,640	10,860	12,540	13,540	14,540	15,540	16,480
\$125,000 - 1	49,999	2,040	4,440	5,930	7,240	8,860	10,860	12,860	14,540	15,540	16,830	18,130	19,230
\$150,000 - 1	74,999	2,040	4,460	6,750	8,860	10,860	12,860	15,000	16,980	18,280	19,580	20,880	21,980
\$175,000 - 1	99,999	2,720	5,920	8,210	10,320	12,600	14,900	17,200	19,180	20,480	21,780	23,080	24,180
\$200,000 - 4	49,999	2,970	6,470	9,060	11,480	13,780	16,080	18,380	20,360	21,660	22,960	24,250	25,360
\$450,000 an	d over	3,140	6,840	9,630	12,250	14,750	17,250	19,750	21,930	23,430	24,930	26,420	27,730



Department of Taxation and Finance

Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate

New York State • New York City • Yonkers

First name and middle initial	Last name		Your Social Security	number
Permanent home address <i>(number and street or rural route)</i> City, village, or post office	State	Apartment number ZIP code	Single or Head of house Married, but withhold a Note: If married but legal the Single or Head of hou	at higher single rate
Are you a resident of New York City?	ew York State an		n line 19)	
Use lines 3, 4, and 5 below to have additional with	holding per pay	/ period under special agr	eement with your	[.] employer.
 3 New York State amount 4 New York City amount 5 Yonkers amount 				3 4 5

I certify that I am entitled to the number of withholding allowances claimed on this certificate.

Employee's signature	Date	

Penalty – A penalty of \$500 may be imposed for any false statement you make that decreases the amount of money you have withheld from your wages. You may also be subject to criminal penalties.

Employee: detach this page and give it to your employer; keep a copy for your records.

Employer: Keep this certificate with your records.

Mark an X in box A and/or box B to indicate why you are sending a copy of this form to New York State (see instructions):

A Employee claimed more than 14 exemption allowances for NYS A

В	B Employee is a new hire or a rehire B First date employee performed services for pay (mm-dd-yyyy) (see instr.):	
	Are dependent health insurance benefits available for this employee?	
	If Yes, enter the date the employee qualifies (mm-dd-yyyy):	
Er	Employer's name and address (Employer: complete this section only if you are sending a copy of this form to the NYS Tax Department.) Employer identification number	

Instructions

Important information

The 2021-2022 New York State budget was signed into law on April 19, 2021. Changes to New York State personal income tax have caused withholding tax changes for taxpayers with taxable income:

- more than \$2,155,350, and who are married filing jointly or a qualified widow(er);
- more than \$1,077,550, and who are single or married filing separately; or
- more than \$1,616,450, and who are head of household.

Accordingly, if you previously filed a Form IT-2104 and earn more than the amounts listed above, you should complete a new 2022 Form IT-2104 and give it to your employer.

Changes effective for 2022

Form IT-2104 has been revised for tax year 2022. The worksheet on page 4 and the charts beginning on page 5, used to compute withholding allowances or to enter an additional dollar amount on line(s) 3, 4, or 5, have been revised. If you previously filed a Form IT-2104 and used the worksheet or charts, you should complete a new 2022 Form IT-2104 and give it to your employer.

Who should file this form

This certificate, Form IT-2104, is completed by an employee and given to the employer to instruct the employer how much New York State (and New York City and Yonkers) tax to withhold from the employee's pay. The more allowances claimed, the lower the amount of tax withheld.

IT-2104

If the federal Form W-4 you most recently submitted to your employer was for tax year 2019 or earlier, and you did not file Form IT-2104, your employer may use the same number of allowances you claimed on your federal Form W-4. Due to differences in federal and New York State tax law, this may result in the wrong amount of tax withheld for New York State, New York City, and Yonkers.

For tax years 2020 or later, withholding allowances are no longer reported on federal Form W-4. Therefore, if you submit a federal Form W-4 to your employer for tax year 2020 or later, and you do not file Form IT-2104, your employer may use zero as your number of allowances. This may result in the wrong amount of tax withheld for New York State, New York City, and Yonkers.

Complete Form IT-2104 each year and file it with your employer if the number of allowances you may claim is different from federal Form W-4 or

Page 2 of 8 IT-2104 (2022)

has changed. Common reasons for completing a new Form IT-2104 each year include the following:

- · You started a new job.
- · You are no longer a dependent.
- Your individual circumstances may have changed (for example, you were married or have an additional child).
- · You moved into or out of NYC or Yonkers.
- · You itemize your deductions on your personal income tax return.
- · You claim allowances for New York State credits.
- You owed tax or received a large refund when you filed your personal income tax return for the past year.
- Your wages have increased and you expect to earn \$107,650 or more during the tax year.
- The total income of you and your spouse has increased to \$107,650 or more for the tax year.
- You have significantly more or less income from other sources or from another job.
- · You no longer qualify for exemption from withholding.
- You have been advised by the Internal Revenue Service that you are entitled to fewer allowances than claimed on your original federal Form W-4 (submitted to your employer for tax year 2019 or earlier), and the disallowed allowances were claimed on your original Form IT-2104.
- You are a covered employee of an employer that has elected to participate in the Employer Compensation Expense Program.

Exemption from withholding

You cannot use Form IT-2104 to claim exemption from withholding. To claim exemption from income tax withholding, you **must** file Form IT-2104-E, *Certificate of Exemption from Withholding*, with your employer. You must file a new certificate each year that you qualify for exemption. This exemption from withholding is allowable only if you had no New York income tax liability in the prior year, you expect none in the current year, **and** you are over 65 years of age, under 18, or a full-time student under 25. You may also claim exemption from withholding if you are a military spouse and meet the conditions set forth under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act as amended by the Military Spouses Residency Relief Act and the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act. If you are a dependent who is under 18 or a full-time student, you may owe tax if your income is more than \$3,100.

Withholding allowances

You may **not** claim a withholding allowance for yourself or, if married, your spouse. Claim the number of withholding allowances you compute in Part 1 and Part 4 of the worksheet on page 4. If you want more tax withheld, you may claim fewer allowances. **If you claim more than 14 allowances**, your employer **must send** a copy of your **Form IT-2104** to the New York State Tax Department. You may then be asked to verify your allowances. If you arrive at negative allowances (less than zero) on lines 1 or 2 and your employer cannot accommodate negative allowances, **enter 0** and see *Additional dollar amount(s)* below.

Income from sources other than wages – If you have more than \$1,000 of income from sources other than wages (such as interest, dividends, or alimony received), reduce the number of allowances claimed on line 1 and line 2 (if applicable) of the IT-2104 certificate by one for each \$1,000 of nonwage income. If you arrive at negative allowances (less than zero), see *Withholding allowances* above. You may also consider making estimated tax payments, especially if you have significant amounts of nonwage income. Estimated tax requires that payments be made by the employee directly to the Tax Department on a quarterly basis. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-2105, *Estimated Tax Payment Voucher for Individuals*, or see *Need help*? on page 7.

Other credits (Worksheet line 14) – If you will be eligible to claim any credits other than the credits listed in the worksheet, such as an investment tax credit, you may claim additional allowances.

Find your filing status and your New York adjusted gross income (NYAGI) in the chart below, and divide the amount of the expected credit by the number indicated. Enter the result (rounded to the nearest whole number) on line 14.

Single and NYAGI is:	Head of household and NYAGI is:	Married and NYAGI is:	Divide amount of expected credit by:
Less than	Less than	Less than	63
\$215,400	\$269,300	\$323,200	
Between	Between	Between	68
\$215,400 and	\$269,300 and	\$323,200 and	
\$1,077,550	\$1,616,450	\$2,155,350	
Between	Between	Between	96
\$1,077,550 and	\$1,616,450 and	\$2,155,350 and	
\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	
Between	Between	Between	100
\$5,000,000 and	\$5,000,000 and	\$5,000,000 and	
\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	
Over	Over	Over	110
\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$25,000,000	

Example: You are married and expect your New York adjusted gross income to be less than \$323,200. In addition, you expect to receive a flow-through of an investment tax credit from the S corporation of which you are a shareholder. The investment tax credit will be \$160. Divide the expected credit by 63. 160/63 = 2.5397. The additional withholding allowance(s) would be 3. Enter **3** on line 14.

Married couples with both spouses working – If you and your spouse both work, you should each file a separate IT-2104 certificate with your respective employers. Your withholding will better match your total tax if the higher wage-earning spouse claims all of the couple's allowances and the lower wage-earning spouse claims zero allowances. **Do not** claim more total allowances than you are entitled to. If your combined wages are:

- less than \$107,650, you should each mark an X in the box Married, but withhold at higher single rate on the certificate front, and divide the total number of allowances that you compute on line 19 and line 31 (if applicable) between you and your working spouse.
- \$107,650 or more, use the chart(s) in Part 5 and enter the additional withholding dollar amount on line 3.

Taxpayers with more than one job – If you have more than one job, file a separate IT-2104 certificate with each of your employers. Be sure to claim only the total number of allowances that you are entitled to. Your withholding will better match your total tax if you claim all of your allowances at your higher-paying job and zero allowances at the lower-paying job. In addition, to make sure that you have enough tax withheld, if you are a single taxpayer or head of household with two or more jobs, and your combined wages from all jobs are under \$107,650, reduce the number of allowances by seven on line 1 and line 2 (if applicable) on the certificate you file with your higher-paying job employer. If you arrive at negative allowances (less than zero), see *Withholding allowances* above.

If you are a single or a head of household taxpayer, and your combined wages from all of your jobs are between \$107,650 and \$2,263,265, use the chart(s) in Part 6 and enter the additional withholding dollar amount from the chart on line 3.

If you are a married taxpayer, and your combined wages from all of your jobs are \$107,650 or more, use the chart(s) in Part 5 and enter the additional withholding dollar amount from the chart on line 3 (Substitute the words *Higher-paying job* for *Higher earner's wages* within the chart).

Dependents – If you are a dependent of another taxpayer and expect your income to exceed \$3,100, you should reduce your withholding allowances by one for each \$1,000 of income over \$2,500. This will ensure that your employer withholds enough tax.

Following the above instructions will help to ensure that you will not owe additional tax when you file your return.

Heads of households with only one job – If you will use the head-of-household filing status on your state income tax return, mark the *Single or Head of household* box on the front of the certificate. If you have only one job, you may also wish to claim two additional withholding allowances on line 15.

Additional dollar amount(s)

You may ask your employer to withhold an additional dollar amount each pay period by completing lines 3, 4, and 5 on Form IT-2104. In most instances, if you compute a negative number of allowances and your employer cannot accommodate a negative number, for each negative allowance claimed you should have an additional \$1.85 of tax withheld per week for New York State withholding on line 3, and an additional \$0.80 of tax withheld per week for New York City withholding on line 4. Yonkers residents should use 16.75% (.1675) of the New York State amount for additional withholding for Yonkers on line 5.

Note: If you are requesting your employer to withhold an additional dollar amount on lines 3, 4, or 5 of this allowance certificate, the additional dollar amount, as determined by these instructions or by using the chart(s) in Part 5 or Part 6, is accurate for a weekly payroll. Therefore, if you are not paid on a weekly basis, you will need to adjust the dollar amount(s) that you compute. For example, if you are paid biweekly, you must double the dollar amount(s) computed.

Avoid underwithholding

Form IT-2104, together with your employer's withholding tables, is designed to ensure that the correct amount of tax is withheld from your pay. If you fail to have enough tax withheld during the entire year, you may owe a large tax liability when you file your return. The Tax Department must assess interest and may impose penalties in certain situations in addition to the tax liability. Even if you do not file a return, we may determine that you owe personal income tax, and we may assess interest and penalties on the amount of tax that you should have paid during the year.

Employers

Box A – If you are required to submit a copy of an employee's Form IT-2104 to the Tax Department because the employee claimed more than 14 allowances, mark an *X* in box A and send a copy of Form IT-2104 to: **NYS Tax Department, Income Tax Audit Administrator, Withholding Certificate Coordinator, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227-0865.** If the employee is also a new hire or rehire, see *Box B* instructions. See Publication 55, *Designated Private Delivery Services*, if not using U.S. Mail.

Due dates for sending certificates received from employees claiming more than 14 allowances are:

Quarter	Due date	Quarter	Due date
January – March	April 30	July – September	October 31
April – June	July 31	October – December	January 31

Box B – If you are submitting a copy of this form to comply with New York State's New Hire Reporting Program, mark an *X* in box B. Enter the first day any services are performed for which the employee will be paid wages, commissions, tips and any other type of compensation. For services based solely on commissions, this is the first day an employee working for commissions is eligible to earn commissions. Also, mark an *X* in the Yes or No box indicating if dependent health insurance benefits are available to this employee. If Yes, enter the date the employee qualifies for coverage. Mail the completed form, within 20 days of hiring, to: NYS **Tax Department, New Hire Notification, PO Box 15119, Albany NY 12212-5119.** To report newly-hired or rehired employees online instead of submitting this form, go to *https://www.nynewhire.com*.

(continued)

Worksheet

See the instructions before completing this worksheet.

Part 1 – Complete this part to compute your withholding allowances for New York State and Yonkers (line 1).

	Enter the number of dependents that you will claim on your state return (do not include yourself or, if married, your spouse) thes 7, 8, and 9, enter 1 for each credit you expect to claim on your state return.	6
	College tuition credit	. 7
8	New York State household credit	. 8
	Real property tax credit	
For lir	nes 10, 11, and 12, enter 3 for each credit you expect to claim on your state return.	
10	Child and dependent care credit	
11	Earned income credit	
12	Empire State child credit	12
13	New York City school tax credit: If you expect to be a resident of New York City for any part of the tax year, enter 2	13
14	Other credits (see instructions)	14
15	Head of household status and only one job (enter 2 if the situation applies)	15
16	Enter an estimate of your federal adjustments to income, such as deductible IRA contributions you will make for the	
	tax year. Total estimate \$ Divide this estimate by \$1,000. Drop any fraction and enter the number	16
17	If you expect to be a covered employee of an employer who elected to pay the employer compensation expense tax in	
	2022, complete Part 3 below and enter the number from line 28	17
18	If you expect to itemize deductions on your state tax return, complete Part 2 below and enter the number from line 23.	
	All others enter 0	18
19	Add lines 6 through 18. Enter the result here and on line 1. If you have more than one job, or if you and your spouse both	
	work, see instructions for Taxpayers with more than one job or Married couples with both spouses working.	19

Part 2 – Complete this part only if you expect to itemize deductions on your state return.

Standard de	eduction table
ingle (cannot be claimed as a dependent) \$ 8,000	Qualifying widow(er)\$16,050
ingle (can be claimed as a dependent) \$ 3,100	Married filing jointly \$16,050
lead of household \$11,200	Married filing separate returns \$ 8,000

Part 3 – Complete this part if you expect to be a covered employee of an employer that has elected to participate in the Employer Compensation Expense Program (line 17).

24	Expected annual wages and compensation from electing employer in 2022 24	
25	Line 24 minus \$40,000 (if zero or less, stop)	
	Line 25 multiplied by .05	
27	Line 26 multiplied by .935	
	Divide line 27 by 65. Drop any fraction and enter the result here and on line 17 above	

Part 4 – Complete this part to compute your withholding allowances for New York City (line 2).

29	Enter the amount from line 6 above	9
30	Add lines 15 through 18 above and enter total here	0
31	Add lines 29 and 30. Enter the result here and on line 2	1

Part 5 – These charts are only for married couples with both spouses working or married couples with one spouse working more than one job, and whose combined wages are between \$107,650 and \$2,263,265.

Enter the additional withholding dollar amount on line 3.

The additional dollar amount, as shown below, is accurate for a weekly payroll. If you are not paid on a weekly basis, you will need to adjust these dollar amount(s). For example, if you are paid biweekly, you must double the dollar amount(s) computed.

			Combined wages between \$107,650 and \$538,749										
Higher earne	er's wages	\$107,650 \$129,249	\$129,250 \$150,749	\$150,750 \$172,299	\$172,300 \$193,849	\$193,850 \$236,949	\$236,950 \$280,099	\$280,100 \$323,199	\$323,200 \$377,099	\$377,100 \$430,949	\$430,950 \$484,899	\$484,900 \$538,749	
\$53,800	\$75,299	\$12	\$17										
\$75,300	\$96,799	\$11	\$18	\$26	\$30								
\$96,800	\$118,399	\$7	\$15	\$23	\$32	\$41							
\$118,400	\$129,249	\$2	\$10	\$17	\$26	\$38	\$36						
\$129,250	\$139,999		\$4	\$14	\$23	\$35	\$33						
\$140,000	\$150,749		\$2	\$10	\$19	\$32	\$33	\$29					
\$150,750	\$161,549			\$4	\$15	\$28	\$33	\$26					
\$161,550	\$172,499			\$2	\$11	\$24	\$30	\$26	\$25				
\$172,500	\$193,849				\$4	\$17	\$24	\$24	\$38	\$52			
\$193,850	\$236,949					\$5	\$12	\$19	\$37	\$50	\$51		
\$236,950	\$280,099						\$5	\$12	\$42	\$59	\$53	\$56	
\$280,100	\$323,199							\$5	\$36	\$66	\$64	\$57	
\$323,200	\$377,099								\$18	\$37	\$49	\$46	
\$377,100	\$430,949									\$8	\$20	\$31	
\$430,950	\$484,899										\$8	\$20	
\$484,900	\$538,749											\$8	

			Combined wages between \$538,750 and \$1,185,399										
Higher earr	ner's wages	\$538,750 \$592,649	\$592,650 \$646,499	\$646,500 \$700,399	\$700,400 \$754,299	\$754,300 \$808,199	\$808,200 \$862,049	\$862,050 \$915,949	\$915,950 \$969,899	\$969,900 \$1,023,749		\$1,077,550 \$1,131,499	
\$236,950	\$280,099	\$59											
\$280,100	\$323,199	\$62	\$55										
\$323,200	\$377,099	\$39	\$46	\$52	\$34								
\$377,100	\$430,949	\$28	\$22	\$28	\$35	\$5	\$5						
\$430,950	\$484,899	\$31	\$28	\$22	\$28	\$34	\$5	\$5	\$5				
\$484,900	\$538,749	\$20	\$31	\$28	\$22	\$28	\$35	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5		
\$538,750	\$592,649	\$8	\$20	\$31	\$28	\$22	\$28	\$35	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$3	\$2
\$592,650	\$646,499		\$8	\$20	\$31	\$28	\$22	\$28	\$35	\$5	\$5	\$3	\$2
\$646,500	\$700,399			\$8	\$20	\$31	\$28	\$22	\$28	\$34	\$5	\$3	\$2
\$700,400	\$754,299				\$8	\$20	\$31	\$28	\$22	\$28	\$35	\$3	\$2
\$754,300	\$808,199					\$8	\$20	\$31	\$28	\$22	\$28	\$36	\$2
\$808,200	\$862,049						\$8	\$20	\$31	\$28	\$22	\$30	\$39
\$862,050	\$915,949							\$8	\$20	\$31	\$28	\$24	\$33
\$915,950	\$969,899								\$8	\$20	\$31	\$30	\$27
\$969,900	\$1,023,749									\$8	\$20	\$33	\$33
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549										\$8	\$21	\$36
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499											\$9	\$23
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399												\$9

		Combined wages between \$1,185,400 and \$1,724,299									
Higher earn	er's wages	\$1,185,400 \$1,239,249	\$1,239,250 \$1,293,199	\$1,293,200 \$1,347,049	\$1,347,050 \$1,400,949	\$1,400,950 \$1,454,849	\$1,454,850 \$1,508,699	\$1,508,700 \$1,562,549	\$1,562,550 \$1,616,449	\$1,616,450 \$1,670,399	\$1,670,400 \$1,724,299
\$592,650	\$646,499	\$5	\$8								
\$646,500	\$700,399	\$5	\$8	\$11	\$14						
\$700,400	\$754,299	\$5	\$8	\$11	\$14	\$17	\$20				
\$754,300	\$808,199	\$5	\$8	\$11	\$14	\$17	\$20	\$24	\$27		
\$808,200	\$862,049	\$5	\$8	\$11	\$14	\$17	\$20	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$862,050	\$915,949	\$42	\$8	\$11	\$14	\$17	\$20	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$915,950	\$969,899	\$36	\$45	\$11	\$14	\$17	\$20	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$969,900	\$1,023,749	\$30	\$39	\$48	\$14	\$17	\$20	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549	\$36	\$33	\$42	\$52	\$17	\$20	\$24	\$27	\$30	\$33
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499	\$38	\$38	\$34	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$31
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28
\$1,185,400	\$1,239,249	\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$25
\$1,239,250	\$1,293,199		\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22
\$1,293,200	\$1,347,049			\$9	\$23	\$37	\$38	\$34	\$44	\$53	\$19
\$1,347,050	\$1,400,949				\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44	\$53
\$1,400,950	\$1,454,849					\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44
\$1,454,850	\$1,508,699						\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$34
\$1,508,700	\$1,562,549							\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38
\$1,562,550	\$1,616,449								\$9	\$23	\$38
\$1,616,450	\$1,670,399									\$9	\$23
\$1,670,400	\$1,724,299										\$9

			C	ombined	d wages	between	\$1,724,3	00 and \$	2,263,26	5	
Higher earne	er's wages	\$1,724,300 \$1,778,149	\$1,778,150 \$1,832,049	\$1,832,050 \$1,885,949	\$1,885,950 \$1,939,799	\$1,939,800 \$1,993,699	\$1,993,700 \$2,047,599	\$2,047,600 \$2,101,499	\$2,101,500 \$2,155,349	\$2,155,350 \$2,209,299	\$2,209,300 \$2,263,265
\$862,050	\$915,949	\$36	\$39								
\$915,950	\$969,899	\$36	\$39	\$42	\$45						
\$969,900	\$1,023,749	\$36	\$39	\$42	\$45	\$48	\$52				
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549	\$36	\$39	\$42	\$45	\$48	\$52	\$55	\$58		
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499	\$34	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$47	\$50	\$53	\$56	\$1,234	\$1,263
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399	\$31	\$34	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$47	\$50	\$53	\$1,231	\$1,263
\$1,185,400	\$1,239,249	\$28	\$31	\$34	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$47	\$50	\$1,228	\$1,260
\$1,239,250	\$1,293,199	\$25	\$28	\$31	\$34	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$47	\$1,224	\$1,257
\$1,293,200	\$1,347,049	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$31	\$34	\$38	\$41	\$44	\$1,221	\$1,253
\$1,347,050	\$1,400,949	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$31	\$34	\$38	\$41	\$1,218	\$1,250
\$1,400,950	\$1,454,849	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$31	\$34	\$38	\$1,215	\$1,247
\$1,454,850	\$1,508,699	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$31	\$34	\$1,212	\$1,244
\$1,508,700	\$1,562,549	\$34	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$31	\$1,209	\$1,241
\$1,562,550	\$1,616,449	\$38	\$34	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$28	\$1,206	\$1,238
\$1,616,450	\$1,670,399	\$37	\$38	\$34	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$25	\$1,203	\$1,235
\$1,670,400	\$1,724,299	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$22	\$1,200	\$1,232
\$1,724,300	\$1,778,149	\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44	\$53	\$19	\$1,197	\$1,229
\$1,778,150	\$1,832,049		\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44	\$53	\$1,193	\$1,225
\$1,832,050	\$1,885,949			\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$35	\$44	\$1,228	\$1,222
\$1,885,950	\$1,939,799				\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$34	\$1,218	\$1,257
\$1,939,800	\$1,993,699					\$9	\$23	\$38	\$38	\$1,209	\$1,247
\$1,993,700	\$2,047,599						\$9	\$23	\$38	\$1,212	\$1,238
\$2,047,600	\$2,101,499							\$9	\$23	\$1,212	\$1,241
\$2,101,500	\$2,155,349								\$9	\$1,197	\$1,241
\$2,155,350	\$2,209,299									\$16	\$52
\$2,209,300	\$2,263,265										\$16

Note: These charts do not account for additional withholding in the following instances:

• a married couple with both spouses working, where one spouse's wages are more than \$1,131,632 but less than \$2,263,265, and the other spouse's wages are also more than \$1,131,632 but less than \$2,263,265;

• married taxpayers with only one spouse working, and that spouse works more than one job, with wages from each job under \$2,263,265, but combined wages from all jobs is over \$2,263,265.

If you are in one of these situations and you would like to request an additional dollar amount of withholding from your wages, contact the Tax Department for assistance (see *Need help*? on page 7).

Part 6 – These charts are only for single taxpayers and head of household taxpayers with more than one job, and whose combined wages are between \$107,650 and \$2,263,265.

Enter the additional withholding dollar amount on line 3.

The additional dollar amount, as shown below, is accurate for a weekly payroll. If you are not paid on a weekly basis, you will need to adjust these dollar amount(s). For example, if you are paid biweekly, you must double the dollar amount(s) computed.

			Combined wages between \$107,650 and \$538,749										
Higher	wage	\$107,650 \$129,249	\$129,250 \$150,749	\$150,750 \$172,299	\$172,300 \$193,849	\$193,850 \$236,949	\$236,950 \$280,099	\$280,100 \$323,199	\$323,200 \$377,099	\$377,100 \$430,949	\$430,950 \$484,899	\$484,900 \$538,749	
\$53,800	\$75,299	\$12	\$19										
\$75,300	\$96,799	\$12	\$20	\$28	\$29								
\$96,800	\$118,399	\$8	\$16	\$24	\$27	\$29							
\$118,400	\$129,249	\$2	\$10	\$18	\$21	\$26	\$40						
\$129,250	\$139,999		\$4	\$14	\$17	\$23	\$46						
\$140,000	\$150,749		\$2	\$9	\$13	\$19	\$46	\$47					
\$150,750	\$161,549			\$3	\$9	\$15	\$46	\$46					
\$161,550	\$172,499			\$1	\$7	\$12	\$46	\$48	\$46				
\$172,500	\$193,849				\$3	\$10	\$44	\$51	\$49	\$52			
\$193,850	\$236,949					\$12	\$38	\$53	\$53	\$55	\$45		
\$236,950	\$280,099						\$10	\$20	\$33	\$31	\$35	\$18	
\$280,100	\$323,199							\$7	\$18	\$31	\$26	\$32	
\$323,200	\$377,099								\$8	\$20	\$31	\$27	
\$377,100	\$430,949									\$8	\$20	\$31	
\$430,950	\$484,899										\$8	\$20	
\$484,900	\$538,749											\$8	

			Combined wages between \$538,750 and \$1,185,399										
Higher	wage	\$538,750 \$592,649	\$592,650 \$646,499	\$646,500 \$700,399	\$700,400 \$754,299	\$754,300 \$808,199	\$808,200 \$862,049	\$862,050 \$915,949	\$915,950 \$969,899	\$969,900 \$1,023,749		\$1,077,550 \$1,131,499	
\$236,950	\$280,099	\$11											
\$280,100	\$323,199	\$9	\$8										
\$323,200	\$377,099	\$33	\$8	\$8	\$8								
\$377,100	\$430,949	\$27	\$33	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8						
\$430,950	\$484,899	\$31	\$27	\$33	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8				
\$484,900	\$538,749	\$20	\$31	\$27	\$33	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8		
\$538,750	\$592,649	\$8	\$20	\$31	\$27	\$33	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$604	\$636
\$592,650	\$646,499		\$8	\$20	\$31	\$27	\$33	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$604	\$636
\$646,500	\$700,399			\$8	\$20	\$31	\$27	\$33	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$604	\$636
\$700,400	\$754,299				\$8	\$20	\$31	\$27	\$33	\$8	\$8	\$604	\$636
\$754,300	\$808,199					\$8	\$20	\$31	\$27	\$33	\$8	\$604	\$636
\$808,200	\$862,049						\$8	\$20	\$31	\$27	\$33	\$604	\$636
\$862,050	\$915,949							\$8	\$20	\$31	\$27	\$629	\$636
\$915,950	\$969,899								\$8	\$20	\$31	\$623	\$661
\$969,900	\$1,023,749									\$8	\$20	\$627	\$655
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549										\$8	\$616	\$659
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499											\$16	\$52
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399												\$16

Privacy notification

See our website or Publication 54, Privacy Notification.

Need help?

WWW Visit our website at WWW.tax.ny.gov

• get information and manage your taxes online

(Part 6 continued on page 8)

check for new online services and features

Telephone assistance

Automated income tax refund status:	518-457-5149
Personal Income Tax Information Center	: 518-457-5181
To order forms and publications:	518-457-5431
Text Telephone (TTY) or TDD equipment users	Dial 7-1-1 for the New York Relay Service

		Combined wages between \$1,185,400 and \$1,724,299									
Higher	wage	\$1,185,400 \$1,239,249	\$1,239,250 \$1,293,199	\$1,293,200 \$1,347,049	\$1,347,050 \$1,400,949	\$1,400,950 \$1,454,849	\$1,454,850 \$1,508,699	\$1,508,700 \$1,562,549	\$1,562,550 \$1,616,449	\$1,616,450 \$1,670,399	\$1,670,400 \$1,724,299
\$592,650	\$646,499	\$668	\$700								
\$646,500	\$700,399	\$668	\$700	\$733	\$765						
\$700,400	\$754,299	\$668	\$700	\$733	\$765	\$797	\$829				
\$754,300	\$808,199	\$668	\$700	\$733	\$765	\$797	\$829	\$861	\$893		
\$808,200	\$862,049	\$668	\$700	\$733	\$765	\$797	\$829	\$861	\$893	\$925	\$957
\$862,050	\$915,949	\$668	\$700	\$732	\$765	\$797	\$829	\$861	\$893	\$925	\$957
\$915,950	\$969,899	\$668	\$700	\$732	\$765	\$797	\$829	\$861	\$893	\$925	\$957
\$969,900	\$1,023,749	\$693	\$700	\$733	\$765	\$797	\$829	\$861	\$893	\$925	\$957
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549	\$687	\$725	\$733	\$765	\$797	\$829	\$861	\$893	\$925	\$957
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329	\$361
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329
\$1,185,400	\$1,239,249	\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297
\$1,239,250	\$1,293,199		\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265
\$1,293,200	\$1,347,049			\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233
\$1,347,050	\$1,400,949				\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201
\$1,400,950	\$1,454,849					\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169
\$1,454,850	\$1,508,699						\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161
\$1,508,700	\$1,562,549							\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123
\$1,562,550	\$1,616,449								\$16	\$52	\$95
\$1,616,450	\$1,670,399									\$16	\$52
\$1,670,400	\$1,724,299										\$16

		Combined wages between \$1,724,300 and \$2,263,265									
Higher	wage								\$2,101,500 \$2,155,349		
\$862,050	\$915,949	\$989	\$1,022								
\$915,950	\$969,899	\$989	\$1,021	\$1,054	\$1,086						
\$969,900	\$1,023,749	\$989	\$1,022	\$1,054	\$1,086	\$1,118	\$1,150				
\$1,023,750	\$1,077,549	\$989	\$1,022	\$1,054	\$1,086	\$1,118	\$1,150	\$1,182	\$1,214		
\$1,077,550	\$1,131,499	\$393	\$426	\$458	\$490	\$522	\$554	\$586	\$618	\$650	\$70
\$1,131,500	\$1,185,399	\$361	\$393	\$426	\$458	\$490	\$522	\$554	\$586	\$618	\$650
\$1,185,400	\$1,239,249	\$329	\$361	\$393	\$426	\$458	\$490	\$522	\$554	\$586	\$618
\$1,239,250	\$1,293,199	\$297	\$329	\$361	\$393	\$426	\$458	\$490	\$522	\$554	\$586
\$1,293,200	\$1,347,049	\$265	\$297	\$329	\$361	\$393	\$426	\$458	\$490	\$522	\$554
\$1,347,050	\$1,400,949	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329	\$361	\$393	\$426	\$458	\$490	\$522
\$1,400,950	\$1,454,849	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329	\$361	\$393	\$426	\$458	\$490
\$1,454,850	\$1,508,699	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329	\$361	\$393	\$425	\$458
\$1,508,700	\$1,562,549	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329	\$361	\$393	\$425
\$1,562,550	\$1,616,449	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329	\$361	\$393
\$1,616,450	\$1,670,399	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329	\$361
\$1,670,400	\$1,724,299	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297	\$329
\$1,724,300	\$1,778,149	\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265	\$297
\$1,778,150	\$1,832,049		\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233	\$265
\$1,832,050	\$1,885,949			\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201	\$233
\$1,885,950	\$1,939,799				\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169	\$201
\$1,939,800	\$1,993,699					\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161	\$169
\$1,993,700	\$2,047,599						\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123	\$161
\$2,047,600	\$2,101,499							\$16	\$52	\$95	\$123
\$2,101,500	\$2,155,349								\$16	\$52	\$95
\$2,155,350	\$2,209,299									\$16	\$52
\$2,209,300	\$2,263,265										\$16



New York State, City of New York, and City of Yonkers Certificate of Nonresidence and Allocation of Withholding Tax

Employee: Complete this form and return it to your employer. If you become a New York State, New York City, or Yonkers resident, or you substantially change the percentage of services performed within New York State or Yonkers, you must notify your employer within 10 days. A penalty of \$500 may be imposed for furnishing false information that decreases the withholding amount.

Employee's first name and middle initial Last n	ame S	Social Security number	Employer's name		
Street address			Street address		
City	State	ZIP code	City	State	ZIP code

Mark an X in the appropriate boxes below:

(See definitions for resident, nonresident, and part-year resident on the back of this form.)

Part 1 – New York State

I certify that I am not a resident of New York State and that my residence is as stated above.

I estimate that ______% of my services during the year will be performed within New York State and subject to New York State withholding tax.

Part 2 – New York City

I certify that I am not a resident of New York City and that my residence is as stated above.

Part 3 – Yonkers

I certify that I am not a resident of Yonkers and that my residence is as stated above.

I estimate that _____% of my services during the year will be performed within Yonkers.

I will notify my employer within 10 days of any change in the percentage of my services performed within New York State or Yonkers, or of a change in my status from nonresident to resident of New York State, New York City, or Yonkers.

Employee's signature

Date

Employer: You must withhold the applicable amount of New York State, New York City, or Yonkers tax from wages (or from the percentage of wages shown above) paid to employees who file this certificate. **Keep this certificate with your records. You must keep this certificate and have it available for inspection by the Tax Department.**

Instructions

Resident and nonresident defined

To determine whether or not you are a resident of New York State, New York City, or Yonkers, you must consider your domicile and permanent place of abode. In general, your *domicile* is the place you intend to have as your permanent home. In general, a *permanent place of abode* is a residence (a building or structure where a person can live) that you permanently maintain, whether you own it or not, that is suitable for year-round use. A *permanent place of abode* usually includes a residence your spouse owns or leases. For additional information, visit our website.

Resident

New York State resident – You are a New York State resident if:

1. You maintain a permanent place of abode in New York State for substantially all of the taxable year and spend 184 days or more (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during the taxable year, whether or not domiciled in New York State.

However, if you are a member of the armed forces, and your domicile is not New York State, you are not a resident under this definition. If you are a military spouse, you may not be a resident under this definition. For more information, see TSB-M-10(1)I, *Military Spouses Residency Relief Act*, and TSB-M-19(3)I, *Veterans Benefits and Transition Act of 2018;* **or**

2. Your domicile is New York State. However, even if your domicile is New York State, you are not a resident if you meet **all three** of the conditions in either Group A or Group B as follows:

Group A

- 1. You did not maintain any permanent place of abode in New York State during the tax year, **and**
- 2. you maintained a permanent place of abode outside New York State during the entire tax year, **and**
- 3. you spent **30 days or less** (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during the tax year.

Group B

- 1. You were in a foreign country for at least 450 days (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) during any period of 548 consecutive days, **and**
- 2. you, your spouse (unless legally separated), and minor children spent **90 days or less** (a part of a day is a day for this purpose) in New York State during this 548-day period; **and**
- 3. during the nonresident portion of the tax year in which the 548-day period begins, and during the nonresident portion of the tax year in which the 548-day period ends, you were present in New York State for no more than the number of days which bears the same ratio to 90 as the number of days in such portion of the tax year bears to 548. The following formula illustrates this condition:

number of days in the nonresident portion	×	90 =	maximum number of days allowed in
548		00 -	New York State

To determine if you are a New York City or Yonkers resident, substitute *New York City* or *Yonkers*, whichever is applicable, for *New York State* in the above definition.

Nonresident and part-year resident

You are a *nonresident* if you do not meet the above definition of a resident. You are a *part-year resident* if you meet the definition of resident or nonresident for only part of the year.

Percent of services

The percent of services performed in New York State or Yonkers may be computed using days, miles, time, or similar criteria. For example, an individual working in New York State two out of five days for the entire year performs 40% of his or her services in New York State.

Privacy notification

New York State Law requires all government agencies that maintain a system of records to provide notification of the legal authority for any request for personal information, the principal purpose(s) for which the information is to be collected, and where it will be maintained. To view this information, visit our website, or, if you do not have Internet access, call and request Publication 54, *Privacy Notification*. See *Need help?* for the Web address and telephone number.

Need help?

www

Visit our website at *www.tax.ny.gov*

get information and manage your taxes online

check for new online services and features

Telephone assistance

•	
Automated income tax refund status:	518-457-5149
Personal Income Tax Information Center	: 518-457-5181
To order forms and publications:	518-457-5431
Text Telephone (TTY) or TDD equipment users	Dial 7-1-1 for the New York Relay Service



Department of Taxation and Finance
Certificate of Exemption from Withholding
New York State • New York City • Yonkers This cer

This certificate will expire on April 30, 2023.

To claim exemption from withholding for New York State personal income tax (and New York City and Yonkers personal income tax, if applicable), you must meet the conditions in either Group A or Group B:

Group A

- you must be under age 18, or over age 65, or a full-time student under age 25; and
- you did not have a New York income tax liability for 2021; and
- you do not expect to have a New York income tax liability for 2022 (for this purpose, you have a tax liability if your return shows tax before the allowance of any credit for income tax withheld).

Group B

 you meet the conditions set forth under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (SCRA), as amended by the Military Spouses Residency Relief Act and the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act. See *Military spouses*.

If you do not meet all of the conditions in either Group A or Group B above, stop; you cannot claim exemption from withholding (see Note below).

First name and middle initial	Last name	Social Security number	Filing status: Mark an X in only one box
Mailing address <i>(number and street or PO Box)</i> City, village, or post office	Apartment number State	ZIP code	A Single B Married C Qualifying widow(er) or head of household with qualifying person
Are you a full-time student? Yes No	Are you a mili	tary spouse exempt under the	e SCRA? Yes 📃 No 📃

I certify that the information on this form is correct and that, for the year 2022, I expect to qualify for exemption from withholding of New York State income tax under section 671(a)(3) of the Tax Law or under the SCRA. I will notify my employer within 10 days of any change requiring revocation of the exemption from withholding as explained in the instructions.

Employee's signature (give the completed certificate to your employer)

Date

Employer: complete this section only if you must send a copy of this form to the NYS Tax Department (see instructions).

Employer name and address	Employer identification number
Mark an X in the box if a newly hired employee or a rehired employee	
Are dependent health insurance benefits available for this employee?	
If Yes, enter the date the employee qualifies (mmddyyyy):	

Instructions

Employee

Who qualifies – To claim exemption from withholding for New York State personal income tax (and New York City and Yonkers personal income tax, if applicable), you must meet the conditions in either Group A or Group B:

Group A

- you must be under age 18, or over age 65, or a full-time student under age 25; and
- · you did not have a New York income tax liability for 2021; and
- you do not expect to have a New York income tax liability for 2022 (for this purpose, you have a tax liability if your return shows tax before the allowance of any credit for income tax withheld).

Group B

• you meet the conditions set forth under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (SCRA), as amended by the Military Spouses Residency Relief Act and the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act. See *Military spouses*.

If you meet the conditions in Group A or Group B, file this certificate, Form IT-2104-E, with your employer. Otherwise, your employer

must withhold New York State income tax (and New York City and Yonkers personal income tax, if applicable) from your wages. Do not send this certificate to the Tax Department.

Generally, as a resident, you are required to file a New York State income tax return if you are required to file a federal income tax return, or if your federal adjusted gross income plus your New York additions is more than \$4,000, regardless of your filing status. However, if you are single and can be claimed as a dependent on another person's federal return, you must file a New York State return if your federal adjusted gross income plus your New York additions is more than \$3,100.

If you are a nonresident and have income from New York sources, you must file a New York return if the sum of your federal adjusted gross income and New York additions to income is more than your New York standard deduction.

A penalty of \$500 may be imposed for furnishing false information that decreases your withholding amount.

Note: If you do not qualify for exemption, or you want New York State, New York City, or Yonkers personal income tax withheld from your pay, file Form IT-2104, *Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate*, with your employer. Follow the instructions

IT-2104-E (2022) (back)

on Form IT-2104 to determine the correct number of allowances to claim for withholding tax purposes.

When to claim exemption from withholding – File this certificate with your employer if you meet the conditions listed in Group A or Group B above. You must file a new certificate each year if you wish to continue to claim the exemption.

Military spouses – Under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (SCRA), as amended by the Military Spouses Residency Relief Act and the Veterans Benefits and Transition Act, you may be exempt from New York income tax (and New York City and Yonkers personal income tax, if applicable) on your wages if: 1) your spouse is a member of the armed forces present in New York in compliance with military orders; 2) you are present in New York solely to be with your spouse; and 3) you are domiciled in another state.

Liability for estimated tax – If, as a result of this exemption certificate, your employer does not withhold income tax from your wages and you later fail to qualify for exemption from tax, you may be required to pay estimated tax and be subject to penalty if it is not paid. For further information, see Form IT-2105, *Estimated Tax Payment Voucher for Individuals.*

Multiple employers – If you have more than one employer, you may claim exemption from withholding with each employer as long as your total expected income will not cause you to incur a New York income tax liability for the year 2022 and you had no liability for 2021.

Revocation by employee – You must revoke this exemption certificate (1) within 10 days from the day you expect to incur a New York income tax liability for the year 2022, (2) on or before December 1, 2022, if you expect to incur a tax liability for 2023, or (3) when you no longer qualify for exemption under the SCRA.

If you are required to revoke this certificate, if you no longer meet the age requirements for claiming exemption, or if you want income tax withheld from your pay (because, for example, you expect your income to exceed \$3,100), you **must** file Form IT-2104, *Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate*, with your employer. Follow the instructions on Form IT-2104 to determine the correct number of allowances to claim for withholding tax purposes.

Filing status – Mark an **X** in one box on Form IT-2104-E that shows your present filing status for federal purposes.

Employer

Keep this certificate with your records. If an employee who claims exemption from withholding on Form IT-2104-E usually earns more than \$200 per week, you **must** send a copy of that employee's Form IT-2104-E to: **NYS Tax Department, Income Tax Audit Administrator, Withholding Certificate Coordinator, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227-0865.** See

Publication 55, *Designated Private Delivery Services*, if not using U.S. Mail. If the employee is also a new hire or rehire, see **Note** below.

The Tax Department will not accept this form if it is incomplete. We will review these certificates and notify you of any adjustments that must be made.

Due dates for sending certificates received from employees who claim exemption and earn more than \$200 per week are:

Quarter	Due date	Quarter	Due date
January – March	April 30	July – September	October 31
April – June	July 31	October – December	January 31

Revocation by employer – You must revoke this exemption within 10 days if, on any day during the calendar year, the date of birth stated on the certificate filed by the employee indicates the employee no longer meets the age requirements for exemption. The revocation must be in the form of a written notice to the employee.

New hires and rehires – Mark an **X** in the box if you are submitting a copy of this form to comply with New York State's New Hire Reporting Program. A newly hired or rehired employee means an employee previously not employed by you, or previously employed by you but separated from such employment for 60 or more consecutive days. Enter the first day any services are performed for which the employee will be paid wages, commissions, tips and any other type of compensation. For services based solely on commissions, this is the first day an employee working for commissions is eligible to earn commissions. Also, mark an **X** in the Yes or *No* box indicating if dependent health insurance benefits are available to this employee. If Yes, enter the date the employee qualifies for coverage. Mail the completed form, within 20 days of hiring, to:

NYS TAX DEPARTMENT NEW HIRE NOTIFICATION PO BOX 15119 ALBANY NY 12212-5119

To report newly hired or rehired employees online go to *https://www.nynewhire.com*.

Note: If the newly hired or rehired employee has also claimed exemption from withholding but usually earns more than \$200 per week, mail Form IT-2104-E to the Tax Department at the New Hire Notification address above.

Privacy notification

See our website or Publication 54, Privacy Notification.

Need help?

- Information and forms are available on the Tax Department's website (at www.tax.ny.gov).
- For help completing this form, employees may call 518-457-5181, and employers may call 518-485-6654.



EMPLOYEE OPT-OUT OF PAID FAMILY LEAVE BENEFITS

Information on the option to opt-out of paid family leave and directions for completing this form can be found on page 2.

Employer Information	
1. EMPLOYER'S LEGAL NAME, INCLUDING (DBA/AKA/TA)	
Columbia University	
2. ADDRESS	4. EMPLOYER FEIN
615 West 131st Street	13-5598093
3. CITY, STATE and ZIP CODE	5. TELEPHONE NUMBER
New York, NY 10027	212-851-0617
Employee Information	
6. EMPLOYEE NAME	
7. HOME ADDRESS	
8. CITY, STATE and ZIP CODE	9. TELEPHONE NUMBER
Employment Information	
10. AVERAGE NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED PER WEEK (BASED ON LAST 8 WEEKS) 12. IS THIS JOB TEMPORARY?	
11. AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED PER WEEK (BASED ON LAST 8 WEEKS) IF YES, HOW LONG IS THE JOB EXP	ECTED TO LAST?
Employee Affirmation	
1. I would like to waive paid family leave coverage at this time because (select one):	
I regularly work 20 hours or more per week, but will not work 26 consecutive weeks (6 months) for this	s employer.
I regularly work less than 20 hours per week, but will not work 175 days in 52 consecutive weeks (a year)	ear) for this employer.
2. I understand that this waiver is revoked if my work schedule changes and it is anticipated I will work more	than 20 hours per week for 6
months, or will work less than 20 hours per week but at least 175 days in a 52 consecutive week period (
3. I understand that this waiver is OPTIONAL AND REVOCABLE.	
(a) My employer may not force me to opt out of paid family leave benefits.	
(b) I may decide later to revoke this waiver even if my schedule does not change.	
4 Lalas understand if this waiver is reveled (sither by maler by a shange in my work schedule), my employ	or movitality retragative
4. I also understand if this waiver is revoked (either by me or by a change in my work schedule), my employ deductions for the period of time I was covered by this waiver, and this period of time counts towards my	
Certification	
I certify to the best of my knowledge the foregoing statements are complete and true.	
Employer's Signature: Date	Signed:
Employee's Signature: Date	Signed:
	J

Please note: Employer must keep a copy of the fully executed waiver on file for as long as the employee remains in employment with the covered employer.

PFL-WAIVER (9-17) Page 1 of 2 If you need assistance, contact the Paid Family Leave Helpline at (844)-337-6303

Opting Out of Paid Family Leave (12 NYCRR 380-2.6)

- (a) An employee of a covered employer shall be provided the option to file a waiver of family leave benefits:
 - (i) When his or her regular employment schedule is 20 hours or more per week but the employee will not work 26 consecutive weeks, or
 - (ii) When his or her regular employment schedule is less than 20 hours per week and the employee will not work 175 days in a 52 consecutive week period.
- (b) Within eight weeks of any change in the regular work schedule for an employee that requires the employee to continue working for 26 consecutive weeks or 175 days in a 52 consecutive week period, any waiver filed under this section shall be deemed revoked. An employee of a covered employer whose waiver has been revoked shall be obligated to begin making contributions to the cost of family leave benefits, including any retroactive amounts due from date of hire, pursuant to Section 209 of the Workers' Compensation Law, as soon as the employee is notified by the covered employer of such obligation.
- (c) The covered employer shall keep a copy of the fully executed waiver on file to be produced at the request of the Chair, for as long as the employee remains in employment with the covered employer.
- (d) An employee as described in Subsection (a) of this Section who elects not to enter into a waiver shall make regular family benefit contributions for the full duration of his or her employment with the covered employer, and the covered employer shall be obligated to provide family leave benefits for such employee when he or she is eligible pursuant to this Title.

Calculating Average Hours/Days Worked

To determine the average number of hours worked per week: Add all hours worked for the past 8 weeks then divide the total by 8.

To determine the average number of days worked per week: Add all days worked for the past 8 weeks then divide the total by 8.

Example:

Week Worked	Hours Worked	Days Worked
Week1	16	2
Week 2	24	3
Week 3	16	2
Week 4	16	2
Week 5	8	1
Week 6	24	3
Week 7	16	2
Week 8	8	1
Total	128	16
	Divide by 8	Divide by 8
Average Per Week	16	2

Notice of Employee Rights: Safe and Sick Leave

If you work part time or full time at any size business or nonprofit in NYC or if you work in an NYC household as a domestic worker, you have the right to safe and sick leave to care for yourself or anyone you consider family. You have this right regardless of your immigration status. Your employer must give you this notice explaining your rights.

Amount of Safe and Sick Leave:

• All employers must provide up to 40 hours of safe and sick leave each calendar year.

Beginning January 1, 2021:

• Employers with 100 or more employees must provide up to 56 hours of safe and sick leave each calendar year.

 Your employer's calendar year is:
 JULY
 to
 JUNE

 First month
 Last month

You earn safe and sick leave at a rate of **1 hour for every 30 hours worked**.

You have a right to PAID safe and sick leave if:

- Your employer has 5 or more employees.
- Your employer has fewer than 5 employees but a net income of \$1 million or more. (*effective January 1, 2021*)
- You work in someone's home as a domestic worker; for example, babysitter, housekeeper, or companionship worker.
 Note: The law covers 1 or more domestic workers working in a household.

You have a right to UNPAID safe and sick leave if:

• Your employer has fewer than 5 employees and a net income of less than \$1 million.

You can carry over unused safe and sick leave to the next calendar year.

Use of Safe and Sick Leave:

- Use it for your health, including to get medical care or to recover from illness or injury.
- Use it to care for a family member who is sick or has a medical appointment.
- Use it when your job or your child's school closes due to a public health emergency.
- Use it for your safety or for a family member's safety because of domestic violence, unwanted sexual contact, stalking, or human trafficking.

Your employer can require you to give advance notice of a planned use of safe and sick leave; for example, to attend a scheduled doctor's appointment or court hearing. You do not have to give advance notice of an unexpected use of safe and sick leave; for example, a sudden illness or medical emergency.

You have a right to privacy. You do not have to give your employer details about why you used safe or sick leave.

If you use more than three workdays in a row of safe and sick leave, your employer can require documentation. Your employer must reimburse you for any fees you pay for required documentation. Documentation should *not* include the details of your private medical or personal situation.

Required Written Disclosures about Safe and Sick Leave:

Your employer must:

- Give you a written safe and sick leave policy that explains how to use your benefits.
- Tell you how much safe and sick leave you have used and have left each pay period.

No Retaliation:

It is illegal to punish or fire employees for requesting or using safe and sick leave or for reporting violations.



Consumer and Worker Protection

Lorelei Salas Commissioner Contact Consumer and Worker Protection to learn more or to file a complaint.

Visit **nyc.gov/workers** | Call **311** and ask for "Paid Safe and Sick Leave" You can also make an ANONYMOUS tip.

Mayor

July 2021 – June 2022 Bi-Weekly TLAM Timesheet Schedule & Deadlines

Submission Deadline (<u>10 AM</u>) Manager Timesheet & Absence Approval Deadline (12 PM)	Manager High Exceptions & Outstanding Approvals Deadline (<u>12 PM</u>)	Pay Period Begin (Monday)	Pay Period End (Sunday)	Check Date	View Updated Absence Balance on Web
Wednesday, June 30, 2021	Friday, July 02, 2021	06/21/2021	07/04/2021	07/09/2021	07/06/2021 – Personal/Sick*
					07/02/2021 – Vacation**
Friday, July 16, 2021	Monday, July 19, 2021	07/05/2021	07/18/2021	07/23/2021	07/20/2021 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, July 30, 2021	Monday, August 02, 2021	07/19/2021	08/01/2021	08/06/2021	08/03/2021 – Personal/Sick*
					08/03/2021 – Vacation**
Friday, August 13, 2021	Monday, August 16, 2021	08/02/2021	08/15/2021	08/20/2021	08/17/2021 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, August 27, 2021	Monday, August 30, 2021	08/16/2021	08/29/2021	09/03/2021	08/31/2021 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, September 10, 2021	Monday, September 13, 2021	08/30/2021	09/12/2021	09/17/2021	09/13/2021 – Personal/Sick*
					09/04/2021 – Vacation**
Friday, September 24, 2021	Monday, September 27, 2021	09/13/2021	09/26/2021	10/01/2021	09/28/2021 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, October 08, 2021	Monday, October 11, 2021	09/27/2021	10/10/2021	10/15/2021	10/12/2021 – Personal/Sick*
					10/02/2021 – Vacation**
Friday, October 22, 2021	Monday, October 25, 2021	10/11/2021	10/24/2021	10/29/2021	10/26/2021 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, November 05, 2021	Monday, November 08, 2021	10/25/2021	11/07/2021	11/12/2021	11/09/2021 – Personal/Sick*
					11/06/2021 – Vacation**
Tuesday, November 16, 2021	Thursday, November 18, 2021	11/08/2021	11/21/2021	11/24/2021	11/23/2020 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, December 03, 2021	Monday, December 06, 2021	11/22/2021	12/05/2021	12/10/2021	12/07/2021 – Personal/Sick*
					12/04/2021 – Vacation**
Wednesday, December 15, 2021	Thursday, December 17, 2021	12/06/2021	12/19/2021	12/23/2021	12/21/2021 – Personal/Sick*
Tuesday, December 28, 2021	Thursday, December 30, 2021	12/20/2021	01/02/2022	01/07/2022	01/04/2021 – Personal/Sick*

Notes:

Employee Timesheet & Absence

Highlighted pay periods have submission/approval deadlines on a day other than Friday. •

Absence requests must be approved before 12 Noon on the timesheet deadline day to be included in the absence processing for that pay period. ٠

- *Casuals and Variable Hour Officers are only entitled to earn New York Sick Leave. ٠
- **Vacation time earned is applied to the employee's balance at the beginning of the following month. •

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY Human Resources

July 2021 – June 2022 Bi-Weekly TLAM Timesheet Schedule & Deadlines

Employee Timesheet Submission Deadline (10 AM)	Manager Timesheet Approval Deadline (12 PM)	Pay Period Begin (Monday)	Pay Period End (Sunday)	Check Date	View Updated Absence Balances on Web
					01/07/2022 – Vacation**
Wednesday, January 12, 2022	Friday, January 14, 2022	01/03/2022	01/16/2022	01/21/2022	01/18/2022 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, January 28, 2022	Monday, January 31, 2022	01/17/2022	01/30/2022	02/04/2022	02/01/2022 – Personal/Sick*
					02/04/2022 – Vacation**
Friday, February 11, 2022	Monday, February 14, 2022	01/31/2022	02/13/2022	02/18/2022	02/15/2022 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, February 25, 2022	Monday, February 28, 2022	02/14/2022	02/27/2022	03/04/2022	03/01/2022 – Personal/Sick*
					03/04/2022 – Vacation**
Friday, March 11, 2022	Monday, March 14, 2022	02/28/2022	03/13/2022	03/18/2022	03/15/2022 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, March 25, 2022	Monday, March 28, 2022	03/14/2022	03/27/2022	04/01/2022	03/29/2022 – Personal/Sick*
					04/06/2022 – Vacation**
Friday, April 08, 2022	Monday, April 11, 2022	03/28/2022	04/10/2022	04/15/2022	04/12/2022 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, April 22, 2022	Monday, April 25, 2022	04/11/2022	04/24/2022	04/29/2022	04/26/2022 – Personal/Sick*
					05/04/2022 – Vacation**
Friday, May 06, 2022	Monday, May 09, 2022	04/25/2022	05/08/2022	05/13/2022	05/10/2022 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, May 20, 2022	Monday, May 23, 2022	05/09/2022	05/22/2022	05/27/2022	05/24/2022 – Personal/Sick*
					06/03/2022 – Vacation**
Friday, June 03, 2022	Monday, June 06, 2022	05/23/2022	06/05/2022	06/10/2022	06/07/2022 – Personal/Sick*
Friday, June 17, 2022	Monday, June 20, 2022	06/06/2022	06/19/2022	06/24/2022	06/21/2022 – Personal/Sick*
					07/07/2022 – Vacation**
Wednesday, June 29, 2022	Friday, July 01, 2022	06/20/2022	07/03/2022	07/08/2022	07/05/2022 – Personal/Sick*
)6/20/22 – 7/03/2022 payroll row displays entative dates					

Notes:

- Highlighted pay periods have submission/approval deadlines on a day other than Friday.
- Absence requests must be approved before 12 Noon on the timesheet deadline day to be included in the absence processing for that pay period.
- *Casuals and Variable Hour Officers are only entitled to earn New York Sick Leave.
- **Vacation time earned is applied to the employee's balance at the beginning of the following month.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY Human Resources

Enter Time into Timesheets

Basic Timesheet Entry

Log in to PAC Time and Absence

Navigate to 'my.columbia.edu' and log in with your UNI and Password. Click the "Submit Timesheet" link in the PAC Time and Absence section on the page. The current pay period timesheet appears.

If you are already in PAC, the menu navigation is: Self-Service > Time Reporting > Report Time > Timesheet

Enter Hours Worked into Timesheet

- 1. Enter your begin time, time you left for break, time you returned from break, and your ending time for the day
within each 'In' and 'Out' field. For example "9:00 am12:00 pm1:00 pm5:00pm"
- 2. Select the Time Reporting Code (TRC). Click the Time Reporting Code dropdown arrow to select the category for the hours, e.g. REG-Regular for worked hours.

									Daily Time Ente Schedu	red (or uled Hou		
From 02/20	/2017 to	03/05/2	017 🕐									+
Add Comments	Day	Date	Reported Status	In	Out	In	Out	Punch Total Time Rep	orting Code		Quantity So	ched Hrs Date
Q	Mon	2/20	Needs Approval					11 CUH) - Columbia Holiday	Ŧ	7.00	7.00 2/20
Q	Tue	2/21	Needs Approval	9:00:00AM	12:00:00PM	1:00:00PM	5:00:00PM	7.00 01 REG	- Regular Hours	•		7.00 2/21
Q	Wed	2/22	Needs Approval	9:00:00AM	12:00:00PM	1:00:00PM	5:00:00PM	7.00 01 REG	- Regular Hours	•		7.00 2/22
Q	Thu	2/23	Needs Approval	9:00:00AM	12:00:00PM	1:00:00PM	5:00:00PM	7.00 01 REG	- Regular Hours	•		7.00 2/23
Q	Fri	2/24	Needs Approval	9:00:00AM	12:00:00PM	1:00:00PM	5:00:00PM	7.00 01 REG	- Regular Hours	•		7.00 2/24
					Time E	ntered			TRC Selected		antity entered for not working, e.g	

3. Adding a Comment

Comments are optional and you can add a comment by clicking the bubble icon in the Add Comments column next the time entry. Add Comments Day Dat Q Mon 2/2 Q Tue 2/2 ed for 02/22/2017 Personalize | Find | View All | 2 | R First @ 1 of 1 @ Last Approval Comment Add your comment here, then click OK 03/30/2017 1 02/22/2017 jc2314 Time Reporting Add Comm OK Cancel Apply

Enter your comment in the field and then click "OK".

4. **Submit** the Timesheet. Click Submit to send the entry to your manager. The entry remains saved on the timesheet in a "Needs Approval" status until approved by your manager. Continue entry and submittal each day of the pay period. You can continue to enter and submit throughout the pay period.

Q	Sun	3/4	New			
Subr	nit		Clear			

Timesheet Entry - Training Guide





Enter Multiple Time Categories within a Day

If your workday consists of multiple types of entered time, it is indicated in the timesheet by entering the number of hours for one Time Reporting Code and then adding a new row to enter hours for another Time Reporting Code. Click the "+" sign to record additional hours worked for a day.

For example, if your day consists of 3 hours worked and 4 hours of taking time off in lieu of pay, it is entered and would appear as follows.

- 1. Enter the 3 hours worked in the 'In' and 'Out' fields for the day, e.g. "9:00 am. 12:00pm"
- 2. Select the Time Reporting Code for the work hours, e.g. REG
- 3. Click the "+" sign at the end of the row to open a new entry row for that same day
- 4. Enter the quantity of hours for remainder of the work day, e.g.4
- 5. Select the Time Reporting Code for this block of time, e.g. ILPU –In Lieu of PayUsed

Tue	2/27	Needs Approval					15 ILPU - In Lieu of Pay Used 🔹	4.00	7.00 2/27	+
		Needs Approval	9:00:00AM	12:00:00PM		3.00	01 REG - Regular Hours 🔹		7.00 2/27	+

Enter Multiple Break Times within the Same Workday

If your workday consists of multiple breaks within the same day and you need more fields for entry, create a new row to enter the time. You can enter as many rows of time per type of work/time code using the corresponding Time Reporting Codes as needed.

Wed	2/28	Needs Approval	9:00:00AM	11:00:00AM	12:00:00PM	2:00:00PM	4.00	01 REG - Regular Hours 🔹	7.00 2/28
		Needs Approval	3:00:00PM	6:00:00PM			3.00	01 REG - Regular Hours 🔹	7.00 2/28





Timesheets and Absences

You can also enter absences through the timesheet as well as a partially worked day along with a partial absence event.

See *the Entering Absences on a Timesheet* section of this guide for steps on entering absences in a timesheet and examples.

Submit a Timesheet

Each time you complete an entry on the timesheet, click 'Submit' to save it on the timesheet and submit it to your manager for approval.

Before final submission for the pay period, review your timesheet to ensure you have accounted for all scheduled hours.

To submit a timesheet:

- 1. Click the 'Submit' button on the bottom of the timesheet
- Click the 'Ok' button for the Submit Confirmation message. The timesheet routes to your manager for approval. The Reported Status is now "Needs Approval". Once your manager approves it, the status will change to "Approved".

You can edit a submitted or approved time entry and submit it again for review up until the submission deadline for the pay period.

Viewing Time Entry Status

To view the workflow status of a time entry, click the link in the Reported Status column and the Timesheet Approval Monitor appears.

Here you can view the chronological actions taken for each item.

rue	2/21	New	
Wed	2/22	Approved	9:00:00AM 12:00:00PM 1:00:00PM 5:00:00PM
Thu	2173	New	
	Times	heet	
	App	roval Monitor	
	By P	osMgmt	
	I	Reported	me Approval for REG on 2017-02-22 09.00.00 (In):Approved
	1	Route to PosMgmt	
		Approved Kristina Gorb TLByPosMgmt 03/30/17 - 6:43	



Editing a Timesheet Entry

Timesheet edits can be made to the current and prior two (2) pay periods.

<u>In the current pay period</u>: You can edit a timesheet during the current pay period even if has already been submitted or approved. Changes can be made until the submission deadline for the pay period. Simply **update** the entries and **'Submit'** the timesheet again before the deadline and it will route to your manager for approval.

<u>In prior pay periods</u>: Navigate to the timesheet using the calendar or navigation links on the Timesheet Entry page. Make any required **updates** to the selected timesheet and **Submit** it and it will route to your manager for approval.

For prior processed pay periods greater than the past two pay periods, contact your manager/DTA.

Correcting a Returned Timesheet

If a question arises on a time entry, managers can **Push Back** an item to indicate that it requires a change or needs to be removed. If this occurs, you will receive an email that your timesheet was modified and you can log in directly from the email to review it.

- 1. Review your manager's comment in the **Comments** field next to the 'denied' or 'pushed back' item
- 2. ***Delete** the denied or pushed back item by clicking on the **"-"** sign at the end of the row and then **"yes"** to confirm removal. *You must delete the pushed back/denied row and then re-enter the time for that day
- 3. *If a re-entry is needed,* re-enter the correct time data and submit the timesheet

Pushed Back absences can also be edited through the absence tab beneath the timesheet.

A manager can also make edits directly in your timesheet. You will receive a notification email if someone else modifies your timesheet.

Key Timesheet Entry Points

- > Casual employees and Variable Hours Officers are paid per the approved time entered
- All other time reporters <u>must ensure</u> the total time submitted equals at least their scheduled hours. Submitted hours may be greater than scheduled if you work overtime
- When entering time into the In and Out fields, use the colon ':' and add **am or pm** to clearly indicate the time of day. E.g. 9:00am or 5:30pm
- > Total hours are calculated based on the exact times entered (the system does not round)



Direct deposit instructions:

- 1. To enroll in Direct Deposit, please visit<u>http://my.columbia.edu</u>.
- 2. Log in using your UNI and UNI password.
- 3. Click on the Faculty & Staff tab at the top.
- 4. Under Personal Data, click on View and/or Update Your Personal Data".
- 5. Click on **Payroll & Compensation**
- 6. Please have your routing and account number handy.
- 7. If you are direct depositing into one account, select "Add Account"
 - A. From the drop-down menu, select your account type
 - B. Deposit type is "Percent"
 - C. Amount or Percent is "100"
 - D. Deposit order is "1"